

KERAS CHEATSHEET:

PYTHON DEEP LEARNING TUTORIAL

This cheatsheet will take you step-by-step through training a convolutional neural network in Python using the famous MNIST dataset for handwritten digits classification. Our classifier will boast over 99% accuracy.

Keras is our recommended library for deep learning in Python, especially for beginners. Its minimalist, modular approach makes it a breeze to get deep neural networks up and running.

To see the most up-to-date full tutorial, as well as installation instructions, visit the online tutorial at elitedatascience.com.

SETUP

Make sure you have the following installed on your computer:

- Python 2.7+ or Python 3
- SciPy with NumPy
- Matplotlib (Optional, recommended for exploratory analysis)
- Theano*

*note: TensorFlow is also supported (as an alternative to Theano), but we stick with Theano to keep it simple. The main difference is that you'll need to reshape the data slightly differently before feeding it to your network.

IMPORT LIBRARIES AND MODULES

import numpy as np

np.random.seed(123) # for reproducibility

from keras.models import Sequential

from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Activation, Flatten

from keras.layers import Convolution2D, MaxPooling2D

from keras.utils import np_utils

from keras.datasets import mnist

LOAD PRE-SHUFFLED MNIST DATA INTO TRAIN AND TEST SETS

(X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()

PREPROCESS INPUT DATA

 $X_{train} = X_{train.reshape}(X_{train.shape}[0], 1, 28, 28)$

 $X_{\text{test}} = X_{\text{test.reshape}}(X_{\text{test.shape}}[0], 1, 28, 28)$

X_train = X_train.astype('float32')

X_test = X_test.astype('float32')

X_train /= 255

X_test /= 255

PREPROCESS CLASS LABELS

Y_train = np_utils.to_categorical(y_train, 10)

Y_test = np_utils.to_categorical(y_test, 10)

DEFINE MODEL ARCHITECTURE

model = Sequential()

model.add(Convolution2D(32, 3, 3, activation='relu',

input_shape=(1,28,28)))

model.add(Convolution2D(32, 3, 3, activation='relu'))

model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

model.add(Dropout(0.25))

model.add(Flatten())

model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))

model.add(Dropout(0.5))

model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))

COMPILE MODEL

model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',

optimizer='adam',

metrics=['accuracy'])

FIT MODEL ON TRAINING DATA

model.fit(X_train, Y_train,

batch_size=32, nb_epoch=10, verbose=1)

EVALUATE MODEL ON TEST DATA

score = model.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)

To see the most up-to-date full tutorial, explanations, and additional context, visit the online tutorial at elitedatascience.com. We also have plenty of other tutorials and guides.